

Performance of salad-type plants grown under narrow-spectrum light-emitting diodes in a controlled environment

Gregory D. Goins- PI

Neil C. Yorio-Project Scientist

Lynn V. Lewis-Technician

Dynamac Corporation

Mail Code: DYN-3

Kennedy Space Center FL 32899

HPS

CWF



690 + 470 nm

700 + 470 nm

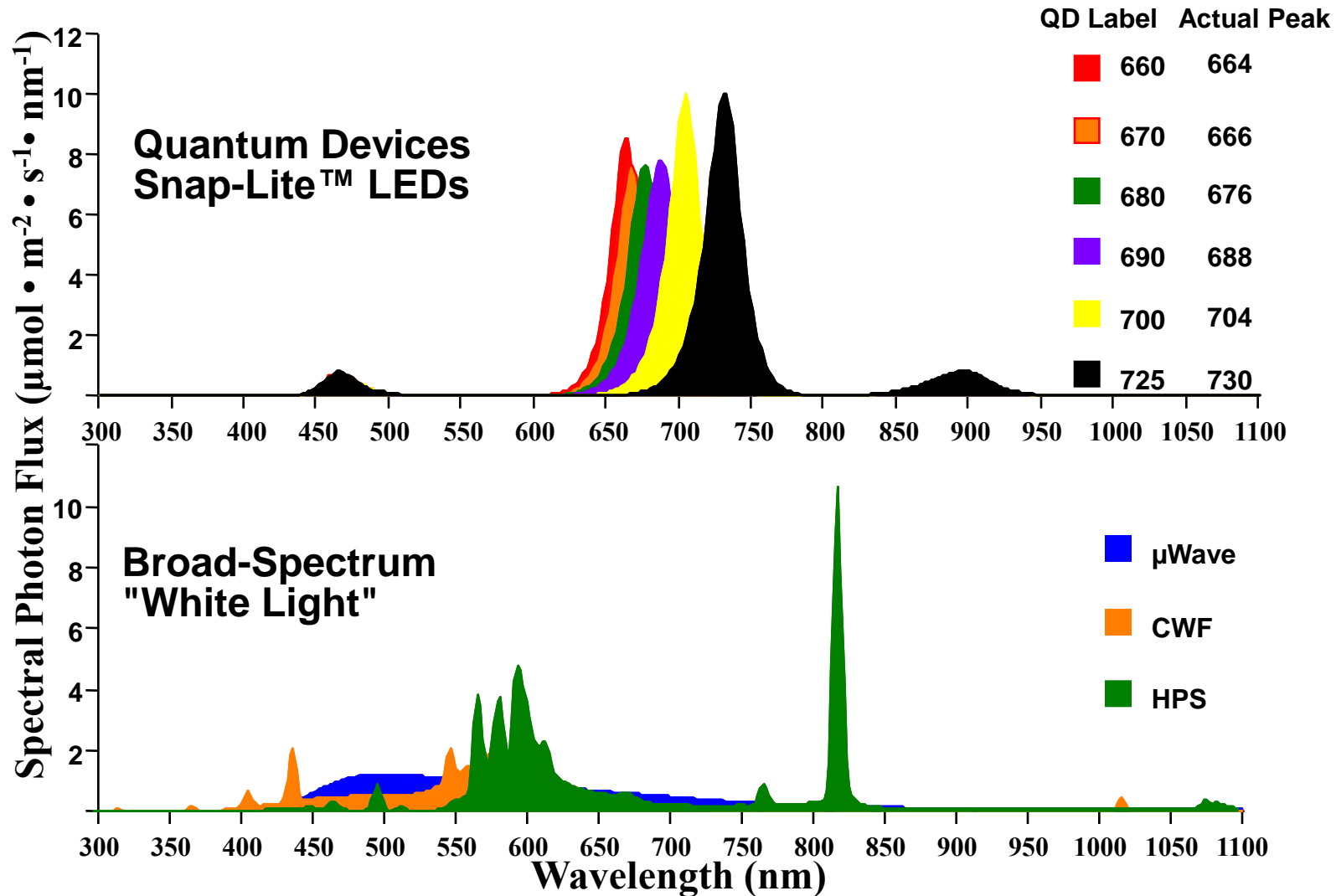


Spinach at 26 dap under different lamp banks

Spectral Characteristics of Lighting Sources

Characteristic	Lamp								
	μ Wave	CWF	HPS	660	670	680	690	700	725
	($\mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$)								
300-400	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
400-500	66	54	16	22	22	22	21	23	25
500-600	113	130	129	1	1	1	1	2	2
600-700	72	66	106	227	227	230	228	130	18
700-800	35	7	28	1	3	11	47	188	319
800-900	16	4	100	0	0	0	0	31	0
900-1000	11	2	9	0	0	0	0	13	18
1000-1100	11	5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0
Photon flux (300-1100)	324	272	401	251	253	264	296	378	413
PPF (400-700)	250	250	250	250	250	253	249	154	45
YPF	209	218	229	225	221	212	196	150	82
Blue	66	54	16	22	22	22	21	23	25
R	72	66	106	227	227	230	228	130	18
FR	28	4	15	1	2	7	30	94	160

Spectral scans (300-1100nm) of light sources



Spectral distribution of light from various light sources. Spectral scans were taken at the top of the plant canopy with a spectroradiometer. Total PPF was approximately $250 \mu\text{mol} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ for all light sources.